

## 2018 WOMEN'S

## VOICES PROJECT

"It takes a thousand voices to tell a single story."
Native American Proverb

2018-2019 Mayor's Commission on Women

Becca Brune
Josie Rodriguez
Lyndie Christensen Nader Sarah Gauger Mary Herres Jessica Hesse
Katie McLeese Stephenson Meg Mikolajczyk Mahe Naseem
LeeAnn Pancharoen

Pat Shepard
Rosalind Sipe
Abbi Swatsworth
Nicole Trevena Flores
Kathie Uhrmacher
*Kimberly Taylor-Riley,
Former Director of Equity, City of Lincoln


A total of 1,120 women lent their voices to this project to tell the "story" of women in Lincoln and Lancaster County.

## Ranking of Issues

| Issues |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Health Care | $57.9 \%$ |
| Employment | $47.1 \%$ |
| Basic Needs | $38.6 \%$ |
| Violence | $36.8 \%$ |
| Education | $33.5 \%$ |
| Discrimination | $29 \%$ |
| Family | $28.6 \%$ |
| Housing | $26.5 \%$ |
| Child Care | $25 \%$ |
| Transportation | $12.5 \%$ |
| Substance Abuse | $6 \%$ |

According to the latest census, women 1) make up $50 \%$ of the population of Lincoln 2) earn approximately 79 cents for every dollar earned by men, 3) own $36 \%$ of local firms, and 4) are the heads of 11,183 family households.

Statistics provide a valuable tool for understanding women in our community, but statistics alone cannot tell their "story." The complexities of being a single mother caring for school-aged children, or an elderly woman on a fixed income or a refugee navigating life in a new city require more than numbers. In an effort to learn more about the current status of women in Lincoln and Lancaster County, the Women's Foundation wanted to highlight their voices.

In 2002, the Lincoln-Lancaster Women's Commission created a survey with the objective of identifying the most pressing concerns of women in the community. In 2012, responding to the changing face of Lincoln and Lancaster County and with even more challenging economic times, the Lincoln Mayor's Commission on Women decided to undertake a similar project. Through 2017 and 2018, we have again conducted the survey. The goals of the "Women's Voices" project are to 1) learn to what extent concerns had changed or remained the same and, 2) to inform the future programming of local agencies and organizations for women and their families.

The survey seeks to gain both demographic information and issue-related data. Approximately half of the questions ask for demographic characteristics such as age, marital and employment status, education, and race/ethnicity. The remaining questions aim to gather information on challenges specific to aspects of daily life such as health care, work, family, discrimination, and education. In order to compare the results with those of the previous surveys, many questions were the same or similar. In the 2017 version, we expanded responses related to employment, family, violence, and substance abuse

A total of 1,120 women lent their voices to this project to tell the "story" of women in Lincoln and Lancaster County. The Commission distributed the survey to various groups including, but not limited to, work sites, professional organizations, cultural community centers, and service agencies from June 2017 to September 2018. In an effort to include as many women as possible, the surveys were available in English and Spanish. Respondents were able to take the survey on paper or online at lincolnwomen.org. Data analysis was supported by the Bureau of Sociological Research at the University of Nebraska - Lincoln.
To all of the women who shared their voices, we are truly grateful.


| Family (n=658) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Single parenting | $33.1 \%$ |
| Communicating with teens | $18.2 \%$ |
| Co-parenting | $16.3 \%$ |
| Out-of-home placement | $14.4 \%$ |
| Conflicts - parents/kids | $8.4 \%$ |
| Need for youth activities | $6.1 \%$ |
| Conflicts - extended family | $3.5 \%$ |



## Basic Needs

 n=936- cost of food
- cost of utilities
- access to services
- access to food
- clothing costaccess
-access to immigration
services



## Employment

 $\mathrm{n}=817$- wages too low
- lack of work matching
experience
- transportation
- hostile environment
-hiring difficulties due to CJ
-commute

| Employment Status |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Full-time $(\mathrm{n} 5518)$ |  |
| Prt-time $(\mathrm{n}=200)$ | $46.3 \%$ |
| In School $(\mathrm{n}=89)$ | $17.9 \%$ |
| Homemaker $(\mathrm{n}=71)$ | $7.9 \%$ |
| Retired $(\mathrm{n}=109)$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Looking for Work $(\mathrm{n}=37)$ | $9.7 \%$ |
| Unemployed $(\mathrm{n}=115)$ | $3.3 \%$ |


| Housing (n=809) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Affordability | $61.2 \%$ |
| Insecurity / Homelessness | $17.6 \%$ |
| Quality | $10.1 \%$ |
| Location | $9.1 \%$ |
| Space / Crowding | $2 \%$ |


| Transportation $(\mathrm{n}=527)$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Lack of bus service | $55.8 \%$ |
| No personal car | $28.8 \%$ |
| Bicycling issues | $15.4 \%$ |


| Housing |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| House $(\mathrm{n}=662)$ | $59.1 \%$ |
| Apartment $(\mathrm{n}=286)$ | $25.5 \%$ |
| Townhouse $(\mathrm{n}=48)$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| Duplex $(\mathrm{n}=68)$ | $6.1 \%$ |


| Substance Abuse ( $\mathrm{n}=668$ ) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Others' addiction (family/friends) | $26.3 \%$ |
| Alcohol | $24.6 \%$ |
| Drugs | $22.8 \%$ |
| Prescription drugs | $18.7 \%$ |
| Tobacco | $7.6 \%$ |

Child Care ( $\mathrm{n}=660$ )

| Cost | $59.8 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Quality | $21.2 \%$ |
| Availability | $12.6 \%$ |
| Accessibility | $6.4 \%$ |

The survey shows that women living in Lincoln and other Lancaster County communities report concerns with 1) health care, 2) employment, 3) basic needs, 4) violence, 5) education, and 6) discrimination. These are the top six issues reported by respondents.

## Key findings of the survey include:

- $57.9 \%$ of women ranked health care as one of their primary concerns, with cost, mental health, and reproductive health services as the chief reasons for the top ranking.
- Approximately one half of the women surveyed were employed full time. $17.9 \%$ of women reported they were working part-time, $7.9 \%$ were in school, and $13.6 \%$ were unemployed or looking for work. Compared to 2012, fewer women are currently in school and a higher percentage are unemployed or looking for work.
- $47.1 \%$ of women noted that employment was a top concern, with low wages, lack of work opportunities (matching degree/ experience or due to criminal justice record), hostile work environments, and work/family balance as the major issues.
- $38.6 \%$ of women noted basic needs ( $38.6 \%$ ) as challenging, particularly due to the costs of food and utilities.
- Ranked fourth was violence (36.8\%). The most concerning aspects of violence included emotional/psychological abuse ( $17.3 \%$ ), rape ( $17 \%$ ), groping and unwanted physical contact ( $16.4 \%$ ), physical abuse ( $13.2 \%$ ), and verbal harassment (11.2\%).
- The fifth most-cited concern was education ( $33.5 \%$ ), with cost and quality topping the list of concerns. Of those who responded, $59.2 \%$ indicated a post-secondary degree, $25.7 \%$ indicated high school completion, and $12.8 \%$ had less than 12 years of education.
- Discrimination rounded out the top six at $29 \%$. Respondents are particularly concerned about racism (36.7\%) and sexism (22.3\%).


## Conclusions and Implications:

The rankings of health care, employment, and basic needs as the top three concerns likely reflect continuing economic challenges and rising cost of health care.

Economic insecurity has increased as the cost of living has risen, including health care expenses and the costs of food and utilities.

Although Lincoln has relatively low unemployment compared to other cities in the US, this survey shows that underemployment and lack of work opportunities affect the status of women in our community.

